NAME OF THE PRACTICE COMMUNITY OF PERSONAL NEEDS



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Short summary of the practice: The method involves a collaborative activity where a group of at least four participants, aged 2 and above, communicate and share their visions and needs for a community using drawings instead of words. The goal is to create a unified community design that incorporates everyone's requirements. Participants use coloured chalk or drawing materials on a large sheet of paper, either outdoors on a pavement or indoors on a table or floor. The duration of the exercise can range from 30 to 120 minutes. The activity promotes inclusiveness, non-verbal communication of personal needs, and cooperation. It has been used to encourage co-design, civic participation, inclusiveness, interculturalism, and non-formal education. The method can also be applied to drawing other communal spaces such as cities, towns, or villages.

Goal of the practice: Create a unified community

Target group: All citizens

Number of participants: Unlimited

Age of participants: Between 2-99

Materials:

Coloured chalk or drawing materials (e.g., markers, crayons, pencils)

Large sheets of paper or a suitable drawing surface

Optional painting and drawing materials depending on the location (e.g., outdoors or indoors)

Method Settings: One needs an outdoor area or a large open space on the ground. One can draw on the pavement or on large sheets of paper or printed maps.

Duration of the practice: The duration of the method can vary from 30 to 120 minutes, depending on the complexity of the design and the number of participants.

Preparation: No specific preparation is needed. However, ensure that you have enough drawing materials and space available for the participants to work comfortably.

Step-by-step guide: The method has been used in various contexts involving groups of people who want to collaboratively design a communal space or project, such as gardens, public areas, or urban planning scenarios. Its routes are in peacebuilding training and have been applied in the context of urban gardens by CRN.

How does the method work - Step-by-step process:

Step 1: Introduction and Explanation

Explain the purpose of the activity to the participants, emphasizing the goal of creating a collaborative design that incorporates everyone's needs and visions. Distribute drawing materials, which could include coloured chalk, large sheets of paper, and various painting and drawing materials, depending on the location (outdoors or indoors).

Step 2: Silent Designing

Instruct participants to work silently and individually to create their own garden design on the provided space, integrating it with the work of the others. Encourage them to express their preferences and needs through drawings rather than words.

Step 3: Collaboration and Integration

After a set timeframe (30 to 120 minutes), ask participants to gather around the collaborative design area. Invite participants to take turns sharing their individual designs with the group, explaining their choices and concepts behind the drawings.

Step 4: Co-Designing

Encourage participants to discuss and negotiate ways to integrate their designs into a single, unified garden plan. This involves identifying common elements, resolving conflicting ideas, and finding compromises that accommodate everyone's needs.

Step 5: Reflection and Feedback

Once the common design is complete, invite participants to reflect on the collaborative process. Ask them to share their thoughts on the experience, the challenges faced, and the compromises made.

Step 7: Celebration

Celebrate the successful creation of a unified design that incorporates the diverse needs and visions of the participants.

Expected output: The expected output of the method is a collaborative visual representation of a community that incorporates the needs and visions of all participants. Ideally, the results should reflect a balanced integration of individual preferences, taking into account various elements such as layout, features, and aesthetics. The design should demonstrate a harmonious synthesis of diverse ideas, resulting in a coherent and imaginative community image.

DOs, DONTs and ethical considerations of the method:

DOs of the method:

Inclusivity: Ensure that all participants' input is considered and integrated into the design.

Balance: Strive for a design that combines different elements without favoring one individual's preferences over others.

Creativity: Encourage participants to think creatively and contribute unique ideas to enrich the collaborative design.

Communication: Emphasize the use of drawings as a form of non-verbal communication to express needs and preferences.

Flexibility: Remain open to modifications and adjustments as the design evolves through collaboration.

DONTs of the method:

Dominance: Avoid letting one person's ideas dominate the design process, which can marginalize others.

Ignoring Input: Do not dismiss or overlook any participant's contributions; all ideas should be valued.

Lack of Inclusivity: Ensure that participants of all ages and backgrounds have the opportunity to contribute, avoiding exclusivity.

Overcomplication: Avoid making the design overly complex or cluttered, as it may hinder the collaborative aspect.

Change the method brings to the communities: The collaborative design and negotiation method of the Gardens of Personal Needs brings about significant positive changes within the communities where it is implemented. These changes encompass a range of aspects. Inclusivity is a core principle of the method, as it involves a diverse group of participants. This approach ensures that a wide spectrum of perspectives and needs are thoroughly considered during the design process. Empowerment is a key outcome of the method, as participants are empowered to contribute their ideas and preferences. This instils a sense of ownership and influence over the final design, leading to increased community engagement and pride.

The method fosters cooperation and communication among participants, who collaboratively work to harmonize disparate ideas and create a unified design. This cultivates a strong sense of community and shared purpose. Moreover, the method often results in enhanced designs due to its collaborative nature. The varied inputs from participants contribute to more creative and comprehensive designs that thoughtfully address numerous factors, resulting in spaces that are both functional and aesthetically pleasing. In addition, the method helps to identify sustainable solutions. By involving community members in the design process, the method helps uncover sustainable and contextually appropriate solutions that align with the long-term needs of the community.

Adaptation/Application of the method: This method is adaptable to various situations, making it a versatile tool for community engagement and development:

In urban planning, the method can be applied to involve residents in the planning of urban spaces, parks, and public areas. This ensures that the final design is well-aligned with the community's preferences and requirements. In community development projects, such as the creation of communal gardens, playgrounds, or gathering spaces, the method can play a pivotal role in engaging community members and soliciting their input for the best possible outcome.

The results of implementing this method create a range of positive outcomes. Heightened community engagement is a natural result, driven by the active participation and involvement of community members. This helps cultivate a sense of shared responsibility and commitment. Enhanced designs are a direct consequence of the collaboration. The contributions from participants help to adapt the space and the awareness of it to a wide array of needs and preferences, which otherwise might be forgotten. Empowerment and ownership are strengthened, as participants experience a heightened sense of influence over the final outcome. Furthermore, the method promotes improved problem-solving. Collaborative discussions facilitate the identification and resolution of potential challenges, ultimately resulting in more effective and sustainable solutions.

Credit, References, and Resources:

Link to the project example: GARDENS as inclusive Green Learning places -

https://crnonline.de/project/gardens